

东欧荟萃：法卢德捷斯匈奥瑞 八国 九日游 - 2020年4月10日 - 4月18日, 每位 £499.00 (*如少於 30 人將不成團)

价格包含: 1. 豪华旅游巴士-专职外籍司机, 2. 早餐+三星级酒店住宿; 3. 资深中文国语导游

价格不含: 1. 景点门票请自主选择购买; 2. 给司机+导游小费:(每团员付 4 欧元一天); 3. 单间差价: £260 一人 4. 午、晚餐消费; 5. 签证、酒店网络收费

行程: 第 1 天 - 伦敦→巴黎(全天) 4月10日

08:00 Turnpike Lane 地铁站對面的 Costa 咖啡店外集合, 08:15 后程驶往多弗港口, 大巴车跟上渡轮, 可以自由的在甲板眺望或在餐厅自费享用午餐! 穿越了英吉利海峡, 导游在法国迦莱港恭候, 接着穿过法国乡野兼程开往巴黎。晚餐后入住酒店后自由活动, 享受抵达欧洲大陆后的第一个美丽憧憬夜晚。

第 2 天 - 巴黎→卢森堡→法兰克福(全天) 4月11日

早餐后, 酒店大堂集合, 之后出发前往卢森堡, 游览市区阿道夫大桥、峡谷、宪法广场等景点; 之后前往法兰克福, 夜宿法兰克福过邻近城市。

卢森堡 - 卢森堡全称为卢森堡大公国, 位于欧洲西北部, 被邻国法国、德国和比利时包围, 是一个内陆小国, 也是现今欧洲大陆仅存的大公国, 首都卢森堡市。

阿道夫大桥 - 也叫“新桥”, 这个桥以拥有世界上最大的石制拱门而闻名海外。桥高 42 米、长 84 米, 是一座由石头砌成的高架桥, 该桥跨越峡谷, 连接新、旧两市区, 而支撑桥梁的拱门左右对称, 非常壮观, 是欧洲地区杰出的建筑物之一, 从桥上眺望远处的风景十分美丽。

卢森堡大峡谷 - 佩特罗斯大峡谷又被称为卢森堡大峡谷, 是卢森堡市新老市区的天然分界。因为佩特罗斯大峡谷的百米宽度和 60 米的深度, 有通向峡谷的古老石阶, 会令人愈感峡谷之壮阔。

宪法广场 - 宪法广场的纪念碑有 12 米高, 是一座方尖形建筑, 碑顶上站立着象征胜利的胜利女神像, 女神像出自本地艺术家克劳斯之手。从广场往对岸远眺, 可以看见阿道夫大桥以及许多的优美建筑物, 是观看大峡谷、阿道夫大桥、城堡组合的绝佳地点。

第 3 天 - 法兰克福→纽伦堡→布拉格(全天) 4月12日

早餐后后程前往布拉格, 途径纽伦堡。下午抵达后, 游览布拉格城堡、圣维塔大教堂、黄金小巷和查理大桥。穿越历史, 寻迹地域风情, 恋上一座城。

布拉格城堡 - 布拉格城堡是世界上最大的古城堡, 城堡里最主要的三个景点分别是圣维塔大教堂、黄金巷和旧皇宫。城堡中著名的圣维塔大教堂, 参观重点包括 20 世纪的彩色玻璃窗、圣约翰之墓和圣温塞斯拉斯礼拜堂。旧皇宫每天中午 12 点时会举行士兵换岗仪式, 很有特色。

圣维塔大教堂 - 气宇轩昂的圣维塔大教堂是布拉格城堡最重要的地标建筑, 宛如一件精雕细琢的艺术品般耐人寻味, 也是布拉格城堡王室加冕和辞世后的长眠之所。(外观, 时间充裕的情况下可选择自助购票进入参观)

黄金小巷 - 黄金巷 (Zlatá ulička) 位于布拉格城堡内, 是一条受到保护的中世纪风格的小巷。整条街相当精致可爱, 具有童话般的外观和柔和的色调, 小巧的门和窗, 低的屋顶和许多烟囱很受游客喜爱 (进入街道需要付费, 可根据当天情况选择性进入参观) 目前, 这里设有画廊、商店和展览, 还有一个 14 世纪纹章的展览馆。

查理大桥 - 查理大桥是一座 14 世纪最具艺术价值的石桥。大桥两端是布拉格城堡和旧城区, 是历代国王加冕游行的必经之路。

第 4 天 - 布拉格→布拉提斯瓦→布达佩斯(全天) 4月13日

餐后后程前往斯洛伐克共和国的首都布拉提斯瓦, 斯洛伐克与捷克原本是一个国家, 一九九二年和平分离, 首都布拉提斯瓦保持完整的古蹟风貌; 之后前往匈牙利首都布达佩斯。

布达佩斯 - 前往匈牙利首都布达佩斯, 抵达后游览这个被多瑙河分割为二的城市, 河之西岸称为布达, 东岸称为佩斯, 布达佩斯素有多瑙河上明珠东欧巴黎的美誉, 游览名胜包括庆祝建国及纪念马札尔族人联盟之英雄广场, 欣赏千年纪念碑、马札尔酋长雕像、国会大厦、伊莉莎伯大桥、渔夫城堡、历代匈牙利国王加冕的马提亚教堂、从堡垒山解放纪念碑俯瞰布达佩斯全景。

英雄广场 - 匈牙利人民为庆祝建国 1000 周年建立了英雄广场, 并在广场中心竖起一座千年纪念碑。广场正对的大路叫做安德拉什大街(Andrássy út), 又叫阳光大道。这条街被誉为布达佩斯的小香街, 欧洲大陆上第一条地铁 M1 黄铁就绵延在这条马路下方。

渔夫堡 - 渔人堡是一座两层的白色建筑群, 融合了新哥特、新罗马式以及匈牙利当地特色的建筑风格, 面朝多瑙河和国会大厦; 与国会大厦和歌剧院齐名, 被评为匈牙利令人印象最深的杰出建筑群。(外观, 时间充裕的情况下可选择自助购票进入参观)

布达皇宫 - 布达皇宫位于布达的城堡山上, 是 13 世纪匈牙利国王贝拉四世为抵御鞑靼人的进攻而修建, 皇宫建筑呈现新巴洛克建筑风格。

第 5 天 - 布达佩斯→维也纳(全天) 4月14日

早餐后开始的行程, 将畅游音乐之都**维也纳**: 前往奥地利首都维也纳, 抵达后游览维也纳著名的逊布伦宫。随后游览包括环城大道, 两旁全是壮观宏伟的建筑, 如以新歌德式设计的市政厅、希腊神殿式设计的国会大厦、气势雄伟的霍夫堡皇宫、市立公园圣使提芬大教堂及繁华热闹的行人购物区更是游客必到之处。当夜住宿于维也纳或邻近城市。(维也纳素有「音乐之都」的美誉, 其中华尔兹舞曲更驰名于世。晚上团友若有兴趣可由领队安排, 自费欣赏华尔兹音乐舞表演晚会。

美泉宫 - (德语: Schloss Schönbrunn, 又音译作申布伦宫) 是坐落在奥地利首都维也纳 Vienna 西南部的巴洛克艺术建筑, 曾是神圣罗马帝国、奥地利帝国、奥匈帝国和哈布斯堡王朝家族的皇宫, 如今是维也纳最负盛名的旅游景点, 美泉宫及其花园被联合国教科文组织列入《世界文化遗产名录》。

奥地利国会大厦 - 坐落于维也纳内城(第 1 区)的环形大街边, 靠近霍夫堡皇宫, 是奥地利国会两院的所在地。国会大厦前最著名的特色是雅典娜女神雕像, 她脚下的雕塑象征着当年奥匈帝国的四大河流: 多瑙河、莱茵河、易北河和摩尔多瓦河。

霍夫堡皇宫 - 在这所由 2500 个房间构成的庞大宫殿群内, 一共有二十多个世界级的收藏馆, 其皇家文化的珍藏, 堪称欧洲之最。皇帝弗朗茨·约瑟夫和皇后茜茜的 19 间工作室、起居室及客厅。

史蒂芬大教堂 - 亦称圣斯德望主教座堂, 位于维也纳老城区的心脏地带, 是维也纳城市的标志, 也是奥地利最重要的哥特式建筑。游客也可爬上大教堂的南塔, 坐电梯上去看普莫林大钟。

第 6 天 - 维也纳→萨尔茨堡→慕尼黑(全天) 4月15日

萨尔茨堡 - 前往景色秀丽阿尔卑斯山的北麓古城萨尔茨堡、著名卖座电影「仙乐飘飘处处闻」其外景就是在这篇青山翠峦湖光水色的童话仙境中拍摄的, 抵达后浏览隆城旧城区, 漫步这散发着幽雅气氛的小城定能令您心旷神怡; 游罢往德国慕尼黑方向 (或邻近城市) 住宿。

莫扎特故居 - 1773 年莫扎特搬来这里, 并在这里创造了大量不同形式的作品。直到 1994 年这里才开始修建, 并于 1996 年作为莫扎特故居开放。(外观, 时间充裕的情况下可选择自助购票进入参观) 游罢往德国慕尼黑方向 (或邻近城市) 住宿。

第 7 天 - 慕尼黑→新天鹅堡→苏黎世(全天) 4月16日

新天鹅堡(外观) - 位于拜恩州南部边境小城富森 (Fuessen) 近郊群峰中的一个小山峰上, 花费了 17 年时间建造而成。城堡中洋溢着中世纪的气息, 新天鹅堡的外型很独特, 激发了许多现代童话城堡的灵感, 包括美国加州迪士尼乐园和香港迪士尼乐园的睡美人城堡。(外观, 时间充裕的情况下可选择自助购票进入参观。)

苏黎世 - 苏黎世是瑞士最大的城市, 工商、金融业和文化中心, 连续被评为世界上最适宜居住的城市。同时, 苏黎世也是最时尚、最具创新精神的城市, 又兼具小城市的独特魅力。

苏黎世湖 - 苏黎世湖是瑞士著名冰蚀湖。在瑞士高原东北部, 从苏黎世市向东南延伸。湖面海拔 406 米。呈新月形, 由东南向西北延伸 29 公里, 宽 1 - 4 公里, 面积 88 平方公里。西北部较深, 最深处 143 米。东南部较浅。沿河畔筑有中世纪式的卵石小径可供游人在湖边散步, 野餐、日光浴和乘船游览湖区。

第 8 天 - 苏黎世→莱茵河瀑布→滴滴斯湖→巴黎(全天) 4月17日

早晨前往莎夫豪森市观赏气势浩瀚、犹如万马奔腾的莱茵河瀑布。游罢经瑞士山路进入德国黑森林地区。稍后到黑森林地区著名的山中湖滴滴斯湖, 游罢驱车到巴黎。

莱茵河瀑布 - 观赏气势浩瀚、犹如万马奔腾的莱茵河瀑布, 此瀑布是西欧最大的瀑布, 急流汹涌而下甚为壮观, 气势动人心魄, 别有一番景色。

黑森林地区 - 德国黑森林以树木茂盛见称, 沿途树木婆娑形成一片墨绿森林, 树杆直插入天甚为壮观, 是著名的渡假圣地, 更是咕咕钟的生产地, 随处可买到这种有趣的时钟, 团友如有兴趣可安排专人介绍咕咕钟的制造过程; 而于湖边餐厅享受一顿丰富的猪手午餐或品尝一块正宗的黑森林蛋糕, 实在不枉此行。

滴滴斯湖 - 黑森林地区著名的山中湖滴滴斯湖, 这个位于山区中的湖泊环境优美, 是著名的渡假圣地。

第 9 天 - 巴黎→伦敦(全天) 4月18日

早餐后出发赴迦莱港。离开美丽的欧洲大陆, 大巴兼程驶往伦敦, 大概在傍晚 18:00-19:00 点钟左右回到伦敦, 圆满结束旅程。

全額最遲在 2020 年 2 月 21 日前繳交, 全額交後任何情況也不可退回。

Trip to Eastern Europe: Eight Nations 9-Days Tour, Date: 10th -18th April 2020, £499 per person

* **If less than 30 people sign up, this holiday will not go ahead**

* **Payment must be paid before 21st February 2020. No matter what happens cannot be refund**

Price includes: 1. Transportation: luxury tour bus, full-time foreign driver, 2. Tour guide: Senior Chinese Mandarin Guide;
3. Accommodation: three-star hotel, a fine continental buffet breakfast is available

Price does not include: 1. Attractions tickets: tour groups through the attractions, 2. Lunch and dinner; 3. (4 Euros per person/per day) for the driver + guide tips
4. Single room: £260 extra per person 5. Visa material, hotel fee network, TV, etc.

Itinerary - Day 1: London→Paris (All day) 10/04/2020

08:00 meet up at outside the Costa coffee shop (opposite the Turnpike Lane Station), 08:15 departs for the port of Dover, the bus catches up with the ferry, you can freely enjoy the lunch on the deck or at the restaurant at your own expense. Crossing the English Channel, the tour guide will wait at the port of Caledon, France then passed through the French countryside and traveled to Paris. After dinner, stay at the hotel and enjoy free time to enjoy your first beautiful night after arriving in continental Europe.

Day 2: Paris → Luxembourg → Frankfurt (All day) 11/04/2020

After breakfast, then depart for Luxembourg, visit the city's Adolf Bridge, the Canyon, Constitution Square; and then travel to Frankfurt, overnight in Frankfurt neighboring cities.

Luxembourg - Fully known as the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Luxembourg is surrounded by neighboring countries France, Germany and Belgium. It is a small inland country with an area equivalent to a county in China. It is also the only Grand Duchy of the European continent, the capital of Luxembourg.

Adolf Bridge - Also known as "Xinqiao", it was built under the rule of the Grand Duke of Adolf from 1900 to 1903. The bridge is famous overseas for having the world's largest stone arch. It is one of the outstanding buildings in Europe and the scenery overlooking the distance is very beautiful.

Grand Canyon of Luxembourg -The Petros Grand Canyon, also known as the Grand Canyon of Luxembourg, is the natural boundary between the old and new urban areas of Luxembourg. It is a beautiful sightseeing spot in Europe. When you look at the bottom of the valley in the misty weather, you will feel the gorge of the valley.

Constitution Square - The Monument to the fallen soldiers in Constitution Square was completed in 1923. The monument is 12 meters high and is a square-shaped building. From the square to the other side, you can see the Adolphe Bridge and many beautiful buildings. It is a great place to see the Grand Canyon, the Adolf Bridge and the castle combination.

Day 3: Frankfurt→Nuremberg→Prague (All day) 12/04/2020

After breakfast, depart for Prague and take the route to Nuremberg. After arriving in the afternoon, visit Prague Castle, St. Vitus Cathedral, Golden Alley and Charles Bridge. Cross history, trace the regional customs, fall in love with a city.

Prague Castle - Prague Castle was once the seat of the Czech royal family, it is also an excellent observation deck overlooking the old town. It preserves the crown of the Bohemian kingdom. Prague Castle is the largest ancient castle in the world, with a length of 570 meters and an average width of about 130 meters. The three main attractions in the castle are St. Vitus Cathedral, Golden Lane and the Old Royal Palace. The large stained glass of the medium-term church is the work of the famous painter Muha of Prague. The old palace will hold a soldier changing ceremony every day at 12 noon, which is very special.

St. Vitus Cathedral - The imposing St. Vitus Cathedral is the most important landmark of Prague Castle. It was built in the 14th century and which has made countless architects painstaking, is as intriguing as a finely crafted piece of art. (Appearance, when there is plenty of time, you can choose to buy tickets by yourself.)

Golden alley - Located in the Prague Castle, Zlatá ulička is a protected medieval-style alley. The street name is derived from the 16th century alchemists, who say they want to refine gold here. The whole street is quite delicate and lovely, with a fairytale look and soft tones, small doors and windows, low roofs and many chimneys are very popular with tourists (paying for entry to the street, optional entry according to the day). Currently, there are galleries, shops and exhibitions, as well as a 14th-century coat of arms.

Charles Bridge - The Charles Bridge is the most artistic stone bridge of the 14th century. At both ends of the bridge are the Prague Castle and the Old Town, which is the only way for the kings to crown the parade.

Day 4: Prague→Bratislava→Budapest (All day) 13/04/2020

After breakfast, to Bratislava, the capital of the Slovak Republic. Slovakia and the Czech Republic were originally a country. After that, it went to Budapest, Hungary.

Budapest - Hungary. visit the city divided into two by the Danube. The west bank of the river is called Buda, the east bank is called Pace. Budapest is known as the Pearl of the Danube in Eastern Europe. The Heroes' Square of the Zar's Alliance, the Houses of Parliament, the Elizabethan Bridge, the Fisherman's Castle and the Matthias Church.

Heroes Square - The Hungarian people established the Heroes Square to celebrate the 1000th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China and set up a Millennium Monument in the center of the square. On both sides are the Museum of Fine Arts (Szépművészeti Múzeum) and the Museum of Modern Art (Múcsarnok), where it is recommended to stop and admire the two buildings. The main road facing the square is called Andrassy út, also known as the Sunshine Avenue. This street is known as the Xiaoxiang Street in Budapest, and the first subway M1 yellow iron on the European continent stretches under the road. To the east of Heroes Square is the city park (Városliget), where the agricultural museum (Mezőgazdasági Múzeum) has a romantic atmosphere of medieval castle architecture.

Fisherman's Bastion - Fisherman's Bastion is a two-story white building complex that blends neo-Gothic, neo-Romanesque and Hungarian local architecture, facing the Danube and the Parliament, and is named after the Parliament and the Opera House. The current level is a coffee shop, and the 2nd floor needs to buy a ticket. It is not recommended to buy a ticket because there is no difference in the scenery seen on the two floors; of course, photographers should consider it at their own discretion or a cup of coffee.

Buda Palace - The Buda Palace is located on the Castle Hill in Buda. The palace building is in neo-Baroque style. The main bodies of the palace today are the Budapest History Museum, the National Gallery and the Szechenyi National Library.

Day 5: Budapest→Vienna (All day) 14/04/2020

Schonbrunn Palace - Schönbrunn Palace (German: Schloss Schönbrunn, also transliterated as the Schönbrunn Palace) is a Baroque art building in the southwestern part of Vienna, Austria. The Royal Palace, now the most prestigious tourist attraction in Vienna, Schönbrunn Palace and its gardens are listed by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site.

Austrian Parliament Building - Located on the ring road in the inner city of Vienna (1st district), close to the Hofburg Imperial Palace, it is home to both houses of the Austrian Parliament. The most famous feature in front of the Capitol is the statue of the goddess Athena. The sculptures at her feet symbolize the four major rivers of the Austro-Hungarian Empire: the Danube, the Rhine, the Elbe and the Moldova.

Hofburg Imperial Palace - the Hofburg Imperial Palace has been an important residence for the royal family of Habsburg, Austria. Within the vast palace complex of 2,500 rooms, there are more than 20 world-class collections, and the collection of royal culture is the best in Europe.

Stephen's Cathedral - Stephen's Cathedral, also known as St. Stephen's Cathedral, is located in the heart of Vienna's Old Town, in the city center and the bustling pedestrian shopping area are the must-see places for tourists. Visitors can also climb the South Tower of the Cathedral and take the elevator to see the Pomeran clock.

Stay overnight in Vienna. (Vienna is known as the "City of Music", if you are interested, can be arrange for the waltz music & dance performance at your own expense.

Day 6: Vienna→Salzburg→Munich (All day) 15/04/2020

Salzburg - the ancient city of Beibei, which is in the beautiful Alps, is the birthplace of the musical prodigy Mozart. The city is surrounded by three hills, the Saarsha River flows through the city, and visit the old city of Longcheng. Stay in the direction of Munich (or nearby cities).

Mozart House - Mozart moved here in 1773, and it was opened in 1996 as the former residence of Mozart. (if time is sufficient, buy tickets by yourself)

Day 7: Munich→Neuschwanstein→Zurich (All day) 16/04/2020

Neuschwanstein - It was designed according to the dream of King Ludwig II of Bavaria and took 17 years to build. The castle is filled with the atmosphere of the middle Ages and it is unique and inspired many modern fairytale castles, including the Disneylands of the world. (if time is sufficient, buy tickets by yourself.)

Zurich - Zurich is Switzerland's largest city, industrial and commercial, financial and cultural center, Zurich is also the most fashionable and innovative city.

Lake Zurich - Lake Zurich is the famous icy lake in Switzerland. In the northeastern part of the Swiss plateau, extending from the city of Zurich to the southeast. It has a crescent shape and extends 29 kilometers from the southeast to the northwest.

Day 8: Zurich→Rhine Falls→Drips Lake→Paris (All day) 17/04/2020

Rhine Falls - Head to the city of Schaffhausen to see the mighty, like a galloping Rhine Falls, the largest waterfall in Western Europe, but the rapids are so spectacular that it is breathtaking and breathtaking.

Black Forest - The Black Forest in Germany is known for its lush forests, the tree poles are inserted directly into the sky, and later arrive at the famous lake **Lake Titisee**, where the lake is beautiful and it is the production place of Cuckoo Clock. (It can be arranging the cuckoo clock manufacturing process, if you interested). Also enjoy a rich pig hand lunch or an authentic Black Forest cake is really worth a visit.

Day 9: Paris→London (All day) 18/04/2020

After breakfast, departs to the port of Calais. Leaving the beautiful continent of Europe, the coach headed and returned to London around 18:00-19:00 to complete the journey.